South African Timeline

1488 Bartolomeu Dias, a Portuguese explorer reached South Africa
1652 Holland established the first white settlement
1795 The British took over Cape Colony from the Dutch
1815* Shaka became the leader of the Zulus
1835 Dutch started The Great Trek out of the Cape to escape from British control.

1866 Diamonds were discovered near Kimberley
1879 The Zulus defeated the British in the battle of Isandlwana
1886 Gold was discovered in Johannesburg which is now a major city
1889 The Anglo-Boer War began
1902 The Anglo-Boer War ended. The Anglos, British, were victorious

1910 Britain established South Africa
1911* The Native Labor Regulation Act was created
1911* The Mines and Works Act was created
1912 South African Native National Congress was established - the ANC
1913* The Native Lands Act was established
1923 ANC was then renamed African National Congress - also ANC
1925* The Wage Act was established
1934 South Africa was declared independant from Britain
1948 The National Party, who were the Boers, won the election
1948 The apartheid laws (racist policies) were established

1994 South Africa was declared independant from Britain
1815- *Shaka* was a great warrior that won many battles for the ethnic group Zulu.

1911- **The Native Labor Regulation Act** stopped blacks from breaking a labor contract.

1911- **The Mines and Works Act** reserved all of the mining jobs for whites leaving the blacks with the left over jobs.

1913- **The Native Lands Act** made separate land for whites and blacks. Blacks were allowed not out of their own areas. This act physically segregated the people.

1925- **The Wage Act** promoted hiring whites over blacks.

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*Kimberley*- located close to the center of South Africa.

*Johannesburg*- located in the northeast part of South Africa.